



Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union

# PEESA III: Personalized Engineering Education in Southern Africa

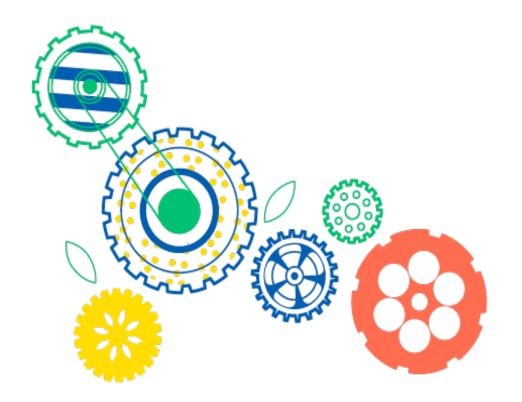
Prof. AP Staak

Cape Peninsula University of Technology



### FOCUS OF THE PEESA PROJECT







**ENGINEERING EDUCATION**FOR THE XXI CENTURY



### HOW IS THE 21<sup>ST</sup> CENTURY DIFFERENT?



- Socio, political and economic Impact
- Stakeholder consultation
- Risk
- Ethics

Impact of Engineering Decisions

Global Challenges, Complex Projects

- Climate, water, energy, food, sustainability
- Transnational,
  - Transdisciplinary
  - Multicultural
    - Integration

Rapid
Technological
Change

- Life long learning
- Creativity
- Innovation
- 4IR technologies

Internet, Social Media

- Blended learning
- Flexible learning paths
- Student centred learning
- Flipped Class Room



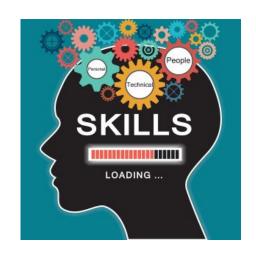
### Calls for Engineering Education Reform



- Need for Engineers to broaden their skill set
  - Technical skills
  - Enabling Skills



 Make the profession more attractive (especially among females)







"In addition to the technical skills, engineers must become more aware of the need to work in teams, consider social issues, understand political and economic relations between nations and their peoples and understand intellectual property, leadership, risk management, project management, dispute resolution, multilingual influences, and cultural diversity, as these factors will drive the engineering practice of the 21st century."

P Galloway
American Society for Engineering Education, 2008



# Overview of the PEESA project



- Implemented in three phases (2013 -2020)
- PEESA I (2013-2016)



PEESA II (2016/17)



PEESAIII (2017-2020)





# Origins of PEESA I

Programme on Energy Efficiency in Southern Africa



3-year Project funded on the EDULINK	programme	(2013-15)
--------------------------------------	-----------	-----------



EU funded programme as part of the ACP-EU cooperation





### **Consortium Members**

#### **European Partners**

Hochschule Wismar (HSW)
Hochschule Flensburg (FUAS)
Ernst Abbe Hochschule Jena (EAH)

#### **Associate member**

ENAEE (European Network for the Accreditation of Engineering Education)

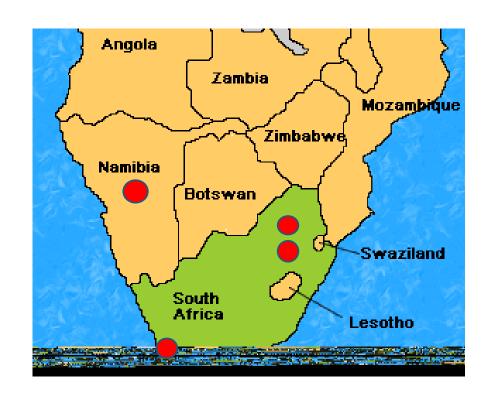




### **Consortium Members**

#### **Southern African Partners**

- Cape Peninsula University of Technology (CPUT)
- Tshwane University of Technology (TUT)
- Vaal University
   of Technology (VUT)
- Namibia University of Science and Technology (NUST)







#### Rationale for PEESA I



### Rationale for PEESA I



- In sub-Saharan Africa (ex SA) more that 50% of the population have no access to electricity
  - Generating capacity inadequate
  - reliability, affordability is an issue
  - Heavily reliant on diesel generators
- In South Africa, while more than 80% of population have access to electricity
  - more than 90% of power comes from coal fired power stations.
  - problem of aging infrastructure, deferred maintenance







## Rationale for PEESA I



#### Solution:

- Increase generating capacity in an environmentally sustainable way (major focus on renewable energy)
- Improve energy efficiency
- Introduce demand side management



#### Challenge:

 Major shortage of skills to meet future energy needs





## Objectives of PEESA I



Master degree in Energy at each partner university

- Professional degree
- Curriculum responding to regional and national needs
- Curriculum developed to EUR-ACE standards

Staff Capacity
Building

- Curriculum
   Development
- On-line learning
- EU-ACE standards



# Activities and Outputs



#### **Activities**

- Workshop on European and national standard alignment
- Workshops on curriculum development; online learning
- Dissemination conferences
- Industry Visits



#### **Specific Outputs**

- New master programme on energy
- Guidelines on engineering programme design
- Evaluation of programmes against EU-ACE standards







### Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union













#### **PEESA II**

#### PEESA II funded by the BMBF (2016)





Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union



### Consortium Members



#### European Partners

- Hochschule Wismar (HSW)
- Hochschule Flensburg (FUAS)
- genio.team GbR, Recklinghausen (service provider for didactic workshops)

#### Southern African Partners

- Cape Peninsula University of Technology (CPUT)
- Tshwane University of Technology (TUT)
- Vaal University of Technology (VUT)
- Namibia University of Science and Technology (NUST)



### Activities of PEESA II



- Workshops for staff
  - 2 sets of workshops at FUAS
  - Focus on subject didactics, curriculum design, qualification frameworks, assessment
- Summer schools for students involving activities and projects
  - Focusing on bridging cultural differences
  - Promoting multidisciplinary team work
  - Involving
    - students and staff
    - Reflection on experiences





#### Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union

### Summer

Galle from encourage grade		Schools	Character and man	
	[3] In Million Strangery and			
Section and the section of the secti			(3) to be the contract of the	



### Activities of PEESA II

- Meetings
  - Hosted by Southern African partners
- Dissemination Conference
  - Hosted in Cape Town
- Workshop on Blended Learning and the Development of at least one on-line module of the Professional Masters degree in Energy
- Activities to create further opportunities for networking and collaboration

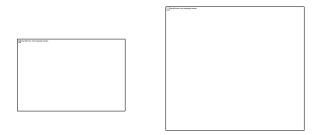
## CAPACITY BUILDING FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT







- PEESA III (PERSONALISED ENGINEERING EDUCATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA)
- Funded on the Erasmus + programme of the European Union





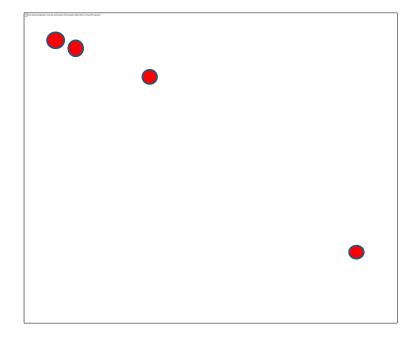
### Consortium Members

#### European

- Hochschule Wismar (HSW)
- Hochschule Flensburg (FUAS)
- University of Szczecin (USZ)
- Lucian Blaga University of Sibiu (ULBS)

#### Associate member

 ASIIN (Accreditation Agency for Degree Programmes in Engineering, Informatics, the Natural Sciences and Mathematics)



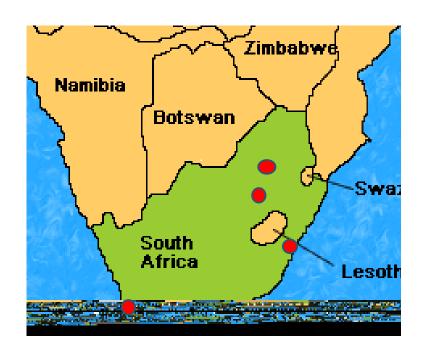


### Consortium Members



#### South African Partners

- Cape Peninsula University of Technology (CPUT)
- Tshwane University of Technology (TUT)
- Vaal University of Technology (VUT)
- Durban University of Technology (DUT)





# Rationale For PEESA III



Address the problem of acute shortage of Engineers in South Africa

Country	Average population per engineer
South Africa	3166
Malaysia	543
Brazil	227

Serious mismatch in supply and demand of skills required for a sophisticated economy

Need to prepare engineers for work in the 21<sup>st</sup> century

Day Statement Sett angusing service.		
Cas Sid Law, NAY arqueoly sender.	 	
Das Milliams stell angestigt servies.		
as an are not a people area.		
a na uso not a pauly uran.		
a de sare net arquisp serias.		
as the same costs anguage surrain.		



## Objectives of PEESA III



#### Primary Deliverable:

- Three professional masters degrees in engineering
- Mutually recognized by partners (with mutual cooperation agreements)
- With completed application for EUR-ACE accreditation



Accreditation Agency for Degree Programmes in Engineering, Informatics, the Natural Sciences and Mathematics



### Approach to PEESA III

To extend Capacity Building initiatives and build on the outputs of PEESA I and II

#### PEESA I

- Curriculum development workshops
- Workshop on European and national standard alignment
  - Guidelines on engineering programme design
  - Evaluation of programmes against EU-ACE standards

#### **PEESA II**

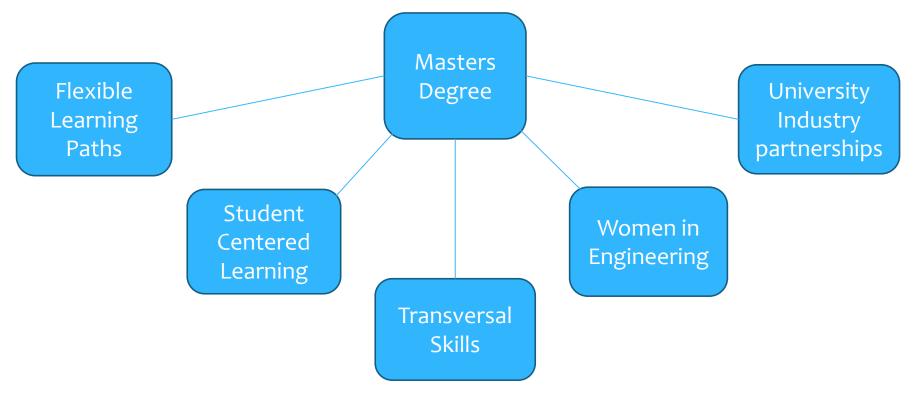
- Workshops on subject didactics
- Workshops on blended learning
- Activities to promote multicultural and interdisciplinary teamwork



### Additional objectives of PEESA III



To build on the "train-the-trainer" concept and add value to these professional master degrees





### Activities of PEESA III



- Create opportunities for social interaction through meetings/workshops/conferences at each partner institution
- Engagement with regional government
- Excursions to and interactions with industry partners
- Presentations, discussions and input on
  - EUR-ACE standards and accreditation
  - Good practice in promoting women in engineering
  - Creating flexible learning paths
  - University-Enterprise cooperation
  - Curriculum and programme development



#### **Activities of PEESA III**



- Good practice presentations
- Engagement with regional governments, industry
   Interactions
- Position paper, recommendations

- Good practice presentations
- Student Survey
- Staff survey
- Position Paper, recommendations

- Workshop on Blended Learning
- Support for curriculation process
  - On-line learning module

- On-line module on Transversal Skills
- Business
   Simulation Module





**DVC Portfolio** 



### Objectives of PEESA I

- Primary deliverable: a Masters degree in Energy at each of the Southern African Universities
  - Professional masters degree (mainly course-work)
  - Curriculum responding to regional and national needs
  - Curriculum developed according to European Quality
     Standards for Engineering Education
- Secondary deliverable: Staff Capacity Building



### Reflections on Pl ESA Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union



Co-funded by the

(What were the success factors?)

(17,6% success rate)

- Relevance of the topic
  - Address the skills shortage in the energy sector and engineering
- Acknowledged the changing Higher Education context in partner countries
  - New Higher Education Qualifications Framework
  - Need for flexible learning paths
  - Focus on internationalization
  - Focus on "softer skills" in engineering
- Strong project management
- Champions at the partner institution
- **Optimize Networking opportunities** 
  - Workshops/Conferences/Meetings